## PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION IN ANALYSIS PART I - REAL ANALYSIS JANUARY 6, 2012

(1) Let  $E \subset \mathbb{R}$  be a measurable set such that  $0 < |E| < \infty$ . Prove that for every  $\alpha \in (0, 1)$  there is an open interval I such that

$$|E \cap I| \ge \alpha |I|.$$

- (2) Let Z be a subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  with measure zero. Show that the set  $A = \{x^2 \mid x \in Z\}$  also has measure zero.
- (3) Let  $f_k \to f$  a.e. on  $\mathbb{R}$ . Show that given  $\varepsilon > 0$ , there exists E, with  $|E| < \varepsilon$ , so that  $f_k \to f$  uniformly on  $I \setminus E$ , for any finite interval I.
- (4) Let  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mu)$  be a probability space and  $f \in L^1(\Omega)$ . Prove that

$$\lim_{p \to 0} \left[ \int_{\Omega} |f|^p \, d\mu \right]^{1/p} = \exp\left[ \int_{\Omega} \log |f| \, d\mu \right],$$

where  $\exp[-\infty] = 0$ . To simplify the problem, you may assume  $\log |f| \in L^1(\Omega)$ .

(5) Let h be a bounded, measurable function, such that, for any interval I

$$\left| \int_{I} h \right| \le |I|^{\frac{1}{2}}.$$

Let  $h_{\varepsilon}(x) = h(\frac{x}{\varepsilon})$ . Show that for any A with  $|A| < \infty$ 

$$\int_A h_{\varepsilon}(x) \, dx \to 0, \text{ as } \varepsilon \to 0.$$