

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION IN ANALYSIS

Part I, Real Analysis

August 20, 2012

1. Let (X, \mathcal{A}, μ) be a measure space with $\mu(X) < \infty$. Show that a measurable function $f : X \rightarrow [0, \infty)$ is integrable if and only if $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \mu(\{x \in X : f(x) \geq n\})$ converges.
2. If $f(x, y) \in L^2(\mathbb{R}^2)$, show that $f(x + x^3, y + y^3) \in L^1(\mathbb{R}^2)$.
3. Let μ be a measure in the plane for which all open squares are measurable, with the property that there exists $\alpha \geq 1$, such that if two open squares Q and Q' are translates of each other and their closures \bar{Q} and \bar{Q}' have a non-empty intersection, then

$$\mu(\bar{Q}) \leq \alpha \mu(Q') < \infty.$$

(For Lebesgue $\alpha = 1$, in general $\alpha \geq 1$.) Show that horizontal lines have zero measure.

4. Let $\{A_{\vec{k}}\}$ be any sequence of real numbers, indexed by vectors $\vec{k} = (k_1, \dots, k_n)$ in \mathbb{N}^n . Suppose that f is a positive integrable function on \mathbb{R}^n : $f > 0$ and $\int f dx < \infty$.
 - a) Show that $\liminf_{|\vec{k}| \rightarrow \infty} \int |\cos(\vec{k} \cdot x + A_{\vec{k}})| f(x) dx > 0$, where $|\vec{k}| = \sum_i |k_i|$.Let $\{r_{\vec{k}}\}$ be any sequence of positive real numbers, such that $\sum_{\vec{k}} r_{\vec{k}} |\cos(\vec{k} \cdot x + A_{\vec{k}})| < \infty$.
 - b) Show that $\sum_{\vec{k}} r_{\vec{k}} < \infty$.