

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION: APPLIED MATHEMATICS I

August 22, 2012, 1:00-2:30

Work all 3 of the following 3 problems.

1. For $f \in L^2(0, 1)$, define

$$(Tf)(x) = \int_0^x f(s) ds \quad \text{for } x \in (0, 1).$$

- (a) Show that T is a bounded linear operator on $L^2(0, 1)$, and that $Tf \in C^0(0, 1)$.
(b) Consider a sequence of functions f_n bounded in $L^2(0, 1)$. Show that there exist a subsequence n_p and a function $f \in L^2(0, 1)$ such that $(Tf_{n_p})(x)$ converges pointwise to $(Tf)(x)$ for every x in $(0, 1)$. [Hint: Use the weak convergence.]
(c) Show that T is compact in $L^2(0, 1)$.

2. Uniform Boundedness.

- (a) State the Uniform Boundedness Principle.
(b) Assume that x belongs to a normed space X and that for some $c \in [0, \infty)$ we have that $|l(x)| \leq c\|l\|$ for all $l \in X^*$. Show that $\|x\| \leq c$.
(c) Suppose that $S \subset X$ is such that

$$\sup_{x \in S} |l(x)| < \infty \quad \text{for all } l \in X^*.$$

Such sets S are called *weakly bounded*. Show that S is bounded in X .

3. Let H be a Hilbert space, let $S \in B(H, H)$, and let $T \in B(H, H)$ be self-adjoint.

- (a) Prove that if S is bounded below, then S is one-to-one and its range is closed in H .
(b) Prove that the point spectrum of T is real.
(c) Prove that $\lambda \in \rho(T)$, the resolvent, if and only if $T_\lambda = T - \lambda I$ is bounded below.