

Bauer-Furuta III: John [Author Rmk: No guarantee of correctness]

Goal: How to get from a Fredholm map to a stable cohomotopy class?

Last Time $\{ \text{Fredholm } f = l + c : H^1 \rightarrow H^1 \}$ $\leftrightarrow \pi_{\text{ind}(l)}^{\text{st}}(S^0)$

compact htpy rel l

\hookrightarrow how to get invariants? \uparrow bad, since no canonical basepoint

Today 1) View

$$E \xrightarrow{f = l + c} E$$

\downarrow \downarrow

$$\hookrightarrow \pi_{G, H}^{\text{st}}(V_{\text{ind}(l)})$$

2) The monopole map M is such a map

3) Recover SW

Part 1: Construction for general G -equivariant Hilbert bundles

Flow I Get basepoint

II Hilbert Bundles

III G -bundles

I 1-pt compactification for Hilbert Spaces

Notation Domain: H' $f: H' \rightarrow H$ Fredholm map \rightsquigarrow 1-pt completion
CoDomain H

as close as smth co-dim can get to being cpt

$$f: H'^+ \rightarrow H^+$$

where each fin.dim $V \subset H \rightsquigarrow V^+ \subset H^+$

Lemma (Functional Analysis)

A Fredholm map $f = l + c: H^1 \rightarrow H$ extends to a map from $H'^+ \rightarrow H^+$

If f satisfies the boundedness condition: preimages of bounded sets

$H'^+ \cup H^+$ are bounded.

Goal Think of $\pi_{\text{ind}(l)}^{\text{st}}(S^0) = \underset{V \subset H}{\text{colim}} [(l^{-1}(V))^+, V^+]$

Why is this $\dim \text{ind}(l)$? \uparrow $V = \text{fin.dim. ST - insert condition } \times - \text{ (see next pg)}$

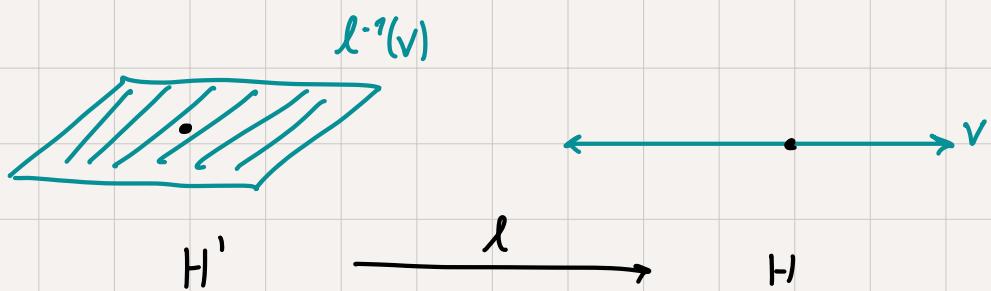
" = " $\underset{V \subset H}{\text{colim}} [S^{\dim l^{-1}(V)}, S^{\dim V^+}]$

If V big enough,
it contains coker

$\dim(l^{-1}(V)) = \dim \ker(l) + (\dim V - \dim \text{coker}(l))$

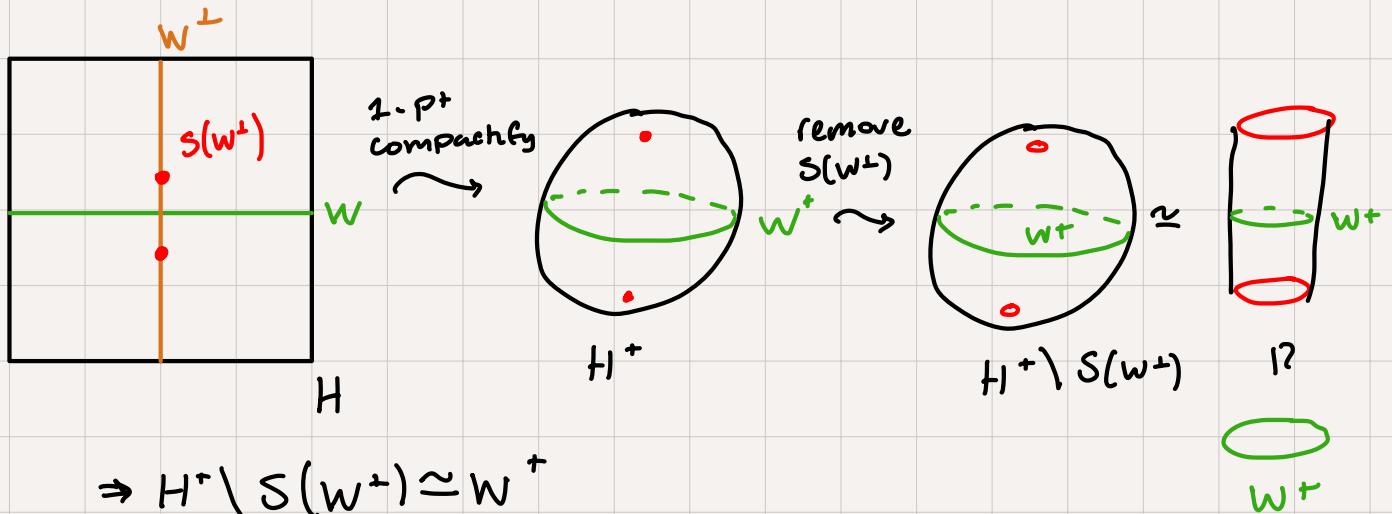
Since taking stable htpy,
both sides blow up

→ difference is $\text{ind}(\ell)$

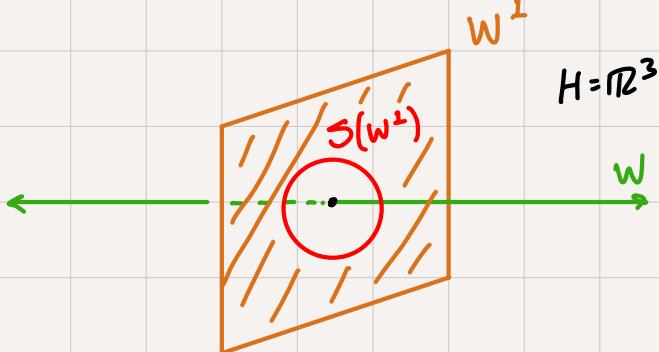


In diagrams,

2D:



3D:



Define $p_w: H^+ \setminus S(w^\perp) \rightarrow w^+$ to be this retraction map

$$\Rightarrow \overline{\Pi}_{\text{ind}(\ell)}^{\text{ST}}(S^\circ) = \underset{\substack{\text{v.f.d.} \\ \forall v \in H}}{\text{colim}} \left[(\ell^{-1}(v))^+, H^+ \setminus S(v^\perp) \right]$$

Prop $[f] := \underset{\forall v \in H}{\text{colim}} \left[(f|_{\ell^{-1}(v)})^+ \right]$ is contained in $\overline{\Pi}_{\text{ind}(\ell)}^{\text{ST}}(S^\circ)$

To prove, need ↓ lemma

* Lemma There is some $V \subset H$ s.t.

$$1) V \supset \text{im } \ell^\perp$$

← When we take the colimit, we do so over all V that satisfy this lemma

2) $\forall W \supset V, W = U \sqcup V, f|_{W^+} : W^+ \rightarrow H^+$ misses $S(W^\perp)$

i.e., all things V is contained in also miss $S(\text{thing}'s^\perp)$

So that the retraction makes sense!

$$3) p_W \circ f|_{W^+} \simeq \text{id}_{U^+} \wedge p_V \circ f|_{V^+}$$

$V \subset W$ encodes all info we care about

$f|_{W^+}$

difference b/wn $f|_{\ell^{-1}(W)} \wedge W$

is the compact perturbation

Pictorially,

$$W' = \ell^{-1}(W)$$

H'

II Hilbert Bundles

As before, we want to get a basepoint:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} E' & \xrightarrow{f: l+c} & E \\ & \searrow y & \downarrow \end{array}$$

E, E' : Hilbert Bundles over Y

l : fibrewise-linear Fréchet

c : fibrewise compact

By Kuiper's Thm, all Hilbert bundles are trivial.

However, trivialization loses the data of how f maps.

So we only want to trivialize one side.

Which Side? In codimension, this is why we get cohomology.

Now, we compactify!

We want to reproduce I, but fibrewise.

Let $T(E')$, $T(F)$ be the Thom Spaces.

The boundedness condition on f becomes:

f can be extended \Leftrightarrow preimages of bounded disk bundles
 $\stackrel{(sub)}{\text{are disk}} \stackrel{(sub)}{\text{bundles}}$

\Rightarrow we get a map $Tf: T(E') \rightarrow T(E)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} E' & \xrightarrow{f} & E \\ \downarrow \Pr_H & \xrightarrow{T} & \downarrow \Pr_H^+ \\ (\Pr_H \circ f)^+ & \searrow & H^+ \end{array}$$

Where do our invariants live?

Set $\lambda = F_0 - F_1$ ($\in KO^*(Y)$)

where $F_0 \xrightarrow{\gamma} F_1$, $F_1 \cong Y \times V$, $V \subset H$ fin.dim subspace,

Cohomology w/ coeffs:

$$\pi_H^n(Y; \lambda) = \underset{\text{f.d.}}{\operatorname{colim}} [\mathcal{U}^+ \wedge T\bar{F}_0, \mathcal{U}^+ \wedge V^+ \wedge S^n]$$

\uparrow
 defined to be the stable cohomology of Thom bundles

III G-Equivariant Hilbert Bundles

Notation $H = G$ -Universe = Space containing any $n\mathbb{R}$, $m\mathbb{C}$ as subreps $\forall n, m \in \mathbb{Z}$

where $\mathbb{R} \leftrightarrow$ triv. 1-dim $\mathcal{U}(1)$ rep

$\mathbb{C} \leftrightarrow$ unit speed 2-dim $\mathcal{U}(1)$ rep
 rotation

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \hookrightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

(or whatever the right rotation matrix is)

V = finite dim. G -rep; \mathcal{U} fin.dim subrep

$\lambda = F_0 - F_1$, F_i = finite dim. equiv. vector bundle over Y

Y = G -CW complex

$$\rightarrow \pi_{H,G}^n(Y, \lambda) = \underset{\text{st}}{\operatorname{colim}} \left\{ \underset{U \subset V^+}{\underbrace{U^+ \wedge T\mathbb{F}_0}}, \underset{\text{Sphere of dim } > n}{\underbrace{U^+ \wedge V^+ \wedge S^n}} \right\}$$

sphere sphere, Smash of Spheres is
↓ ↓ larger sphere

$$\text{Prop } [f] := \underset{\text{st}}{\operatorname{colim}} \left[\left((\Pr_H \circ f) \Big|_{U^+ \wedge T\mathbb{F}_0} \right)^+ \right] \in \pi_{H,G}^0(Y, \lambda)$$

Parts 2 & 3: Applying Part 1 to the Monopole map + recovering the normal SW invariant

Prop Monopole map is Fredholm \Leftrightarrow satisfies appropriate boundedness condition

$$M: A \rightarrow C$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} M \text{ admits decomposition into linear + compact} \\ l = D_A \oplus d^+ \oplus P_{\text{norm}} \oplus d^* \\ c: (\phi, a) \mapsto (0, F_A^+; 0, 0) + (a \cdot \phi, -\sigma(\phi), 0, 0) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$[\mu] \in \pi_{S^1, H}^0(Pic^0(X), \lambda) = \underset{\text{st}}{\operatorname{colim}}^{b_2^+} (Pic^0(X), \text{Ind}(\mathcal{D}))$$

$$H = \text{Sobolev completion } T(S^- \oplus \Lambda_+^2(T^*X))$$

$$\lambda = \text{Ind} \mathcal{D} \oplus H_+^2(X) \times Pic^0(X)$$

\uparrow
from coker d^+

Thm X^4 closed \Leftrightarrow homology oriented

$$\rightarrow t: \underset{\text{st}}{\operatorname{colim}}^{b_2^+} (Pic^0(X), \text{Ind} \mathcal{D}) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

$$[\mu] \longmapsto SW(X)$$