

Dehn Twist on $K3 \# K3$.

Today: Use BF to detect exotic
diffeomorphisms

$$f: X \rightarrow X, \quad f \underset{\text{DIFF}}{\sim}^{\text{TOP}} \text{id}.$$

Ruberman '90's: parametrized/families gauge
theory.

$$(X, \mathcal{S}, g) \xrightarrow{f} (X, (f^{-1})^* \mathcal{S}, f_* g)$$

Suppose . $f^*(\mathcal{S}) \cong \mathcal{S}$

$$\cdot \dim(\mathcal{M}(X, \mathcal{S}, g)) = -1.$$

Pick a path of metrics

$$g \xrightarrow{g_t} f_* g.$$

$$\mathcal{M}(X, \mathcal{S}, g, f) := \bigcup_{t \in [0,1]} \mathcal{M}(X, \mathcal{S}, g_t)$$

ind. of g

signed
count of
points

$$= 0 \iff f \underset{\text{DIFF}}{\sim} \text{id}$$

FBF : Let $f: X \rightarrow X$ be as above

$M_f :=$ mapping torus of f

$$\begin{array}{c} X \hookrightarrow M_f \\ \downarrow \pi \\ S' \end{array}$$

Obsv : $M_f \cong M_{id}$ as bundles over S'

$$\iff f \sim_{DIFF} id.$$

Relevant for SW/BF setup.

Def :

$\tilde{g} :=$ fiberwise $spin^c$ structure on M_f

$$(\tilde{g}|_{\pi^{-1}(b)} \cong g \quad \forall b \in S')$$

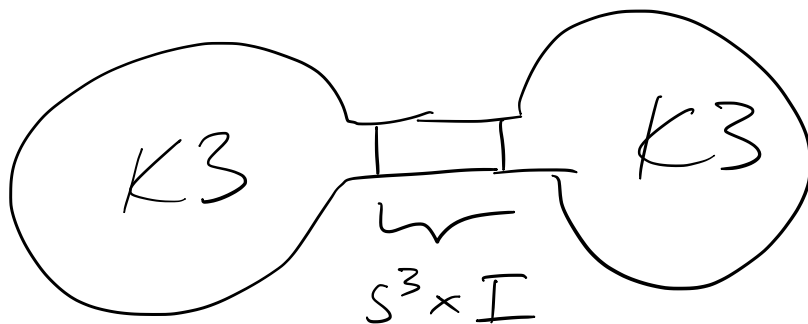
Obsv' : $f \sim_{DIFF} id \iff \exists$ a bijection

$$f.w. Spin^c(M_f) \xrightarrow[\cong]{g} f.w. Spin^c(M_{id}) \text{ s.t.}$$

Idea : Construct BF invariants for
 $(X, g) \hookrightarrow (M_f, \tilde{g})$
 $\downarrow$
 S'

KM '20: Consider $X = K3 \# K3$.

Dehn Twist along connect sum sphere.



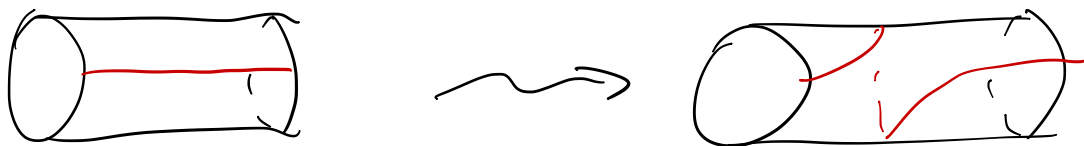
$$[\gamma] = 1 \in \pi_1(SO(4)) \cong \mathbb{Z}/2$$

$$S^1 \xrightarrow{\gamma} SO(4) \longrightarrow \text{Diff}^+(S^3)$$

γ

$$\tilde{\delta}: S^3 \times I \longrightarrow S^3 \times I$$

$$(x, t) \longmapsto (\gamma(t)(x), t)$$



$$\delta: X \longrightarrow X \quad \text{extend } \tilde{\delta} \text{ by id outside } S^3 \times I.$$

Thm. (K-M '20)

$$\delta \underset{SM}{\overset{TOP}{\rightsquigarrow}} id$$

follows from

Thm. Quinn-Perron

$$X^4 \text{ s.c.} : \delta \overset{TOP}{\rightsquigarrow} id$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \delta \rightsquigarrow H_*(X) \text{ trivially.}$$

Thm (Lin'20)

$$\delta \# id_{S^2 \times S^2} \underset{SM}{\overset{TOP}{\rightsquigarrow}} id$$

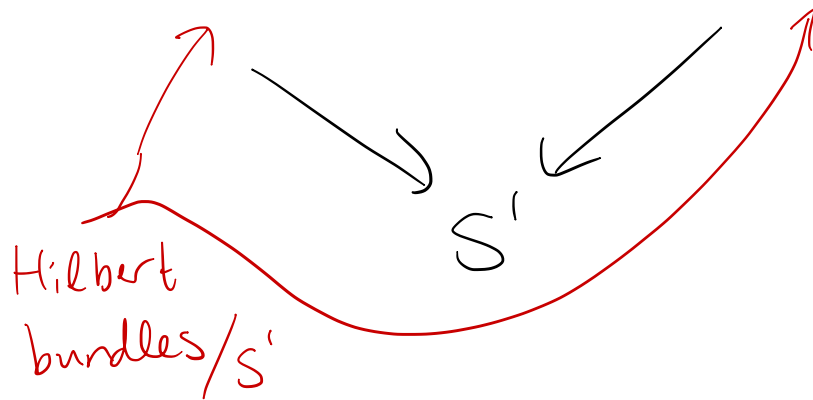
$$\text{on } K3 \# K3 \# S^2 \times S^2$$

Families Monopole Map.

$$f: X^4 \hookrightarrow X \hookrightarrow M_f \rightarrow S'$$

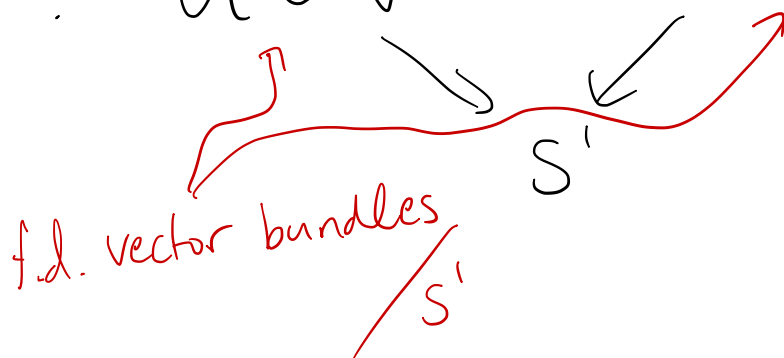
equipped w/ f.w. spin structure

$$sw: \mathcal{U} \oplus \mathcal{V} \longrightarrow \mathcal{U}' \oplus \mathcal{V}'$$



f.d. approx:

$$F: \mathcal{U} \oplus \mathcal{V} \longrightarrow \mathcal{U}' \oplus \mathcal{V}'$$



Kuiper's Thm:

$$F: \underline{\tilde{\mathbb{R}}}^M \oplus \underline{\mathbb{H}}^N \oplus \text{ind}_{\mathbb{H}}(\mathcal{D}_M^+) \rightarrow \underline{\tilde{\mathbb{R}}}^M \oplus H_+^2(M) \oplus \underline{\mathbb{H}}^N$$

ind bundle
of $\mathcal{D}_x^+$ as
a family of
operators over
 S'

bundle of
 $H_+^2(X)$ as
a family of
v.s.'s over S' .

S'

• $H_+^2(M) = \underline{\tilde{\mathbb{R}}}^{b_2^+(X)}$ trivial bundle since

$f_x: H_+^2(X) \xrightarrow{\text{loop}} = \text{id}$

• $\text{ind}_{\mathbb{H}}(\mathcal{D}_M^+) = \underline{\mathbb{H}}^{\text{ind}(\mathcal{D}_x^+)} = \underline{\mathbb{H}}^{\frac{-\sigma(X)}{16}}$ trivial

bundle since $\pi_1(\text{Sp}(N)) = 1$ for $N \gg 0$

$\leadsto F: \underline{\tilde{\mathbb{R}}}^M \oplus \underline{\mathbb{H}}^{N - \frac{\sigma(X)}{16}} \rightarrow \underline{\tilde{\mathbb{R}}}^{M + b_2^+(X)} \oplus \underline{\mathbb{H}}^N$

S'

one-pt compact.:

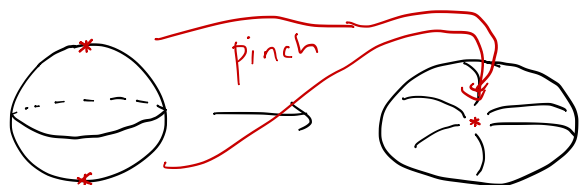
$$F: S^{M\tilde{R} + (N - \frac{\sigma(x)}{16})H} \wedge S'_+ \rightarrow S^{(M+b_+^2(x))\tilde{R} + NH} \wedge S'_+$$

• We have a canonical stable map

$$S^{R + M\tilde{R} + (N - \frac{\sigma(x)}{16})H} \xrightarrow{P} S^{M\tilde{R} + (N - \frac{\sigma(x)}{16})H} \wedge S'_+$$

induced stably by the map

$$S^{2R} \rightarrow S^R \wedge S'_+$$



$$0 \times 0 *$$



$\leadsto FBF^{\text{Pin}(2)}(X, f)$ is given by the composition

$$S^{R + M\tilde{R} + (N - \frac{\sigma(x)}{16})H} \xrightarrow{P} S^{M\tilde{R} + (N - \frac{\sigma(x)}{16})H} \wedge S'_+$$

$$\xrightarrow{F} S^{(M+b_+^2(x))\tilde{R} + NH} \wedge S'_+ \xrightarrow{Pg} S^{(M+b_+^2(x))\tilde{R} + NH}$$

$$\leadsto FBF^{\text{Pin}(2)}(X, f) \in \left\{ S^{\mathbb{R} - \frac{\sigma(X)}{16} \mathbb{H}}, S^{b_2^+(X) \tilde{\mathbb{R}}} \right\}.$$