

A MODEL FOR SOAP FILMS BASED ON CAPILLARITY THEORY

FRANCESCO MAGGI UT AUSTIN

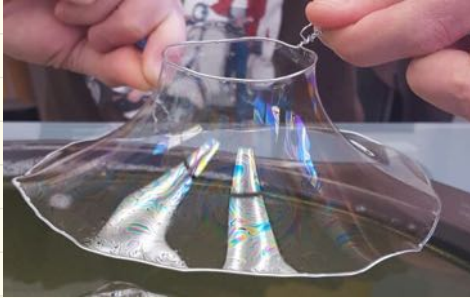
ONE WORLD PDE SEMINAR

MAY 19 2020

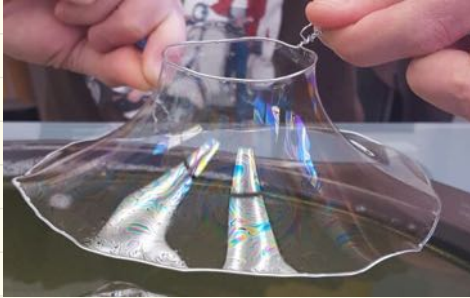
JOINT PAPERS WITH ANTONELLO SCARDICCHIO (ICTP)

DARREN KING & SALVATORE STUARD (UT AUSTIN)

MINIMAL SURFACES = BASIC MODEL FOR SOAP FILMS
HANGING FROM A WIRE FRAME
AT MECHANICAL EQUILIBRIUM



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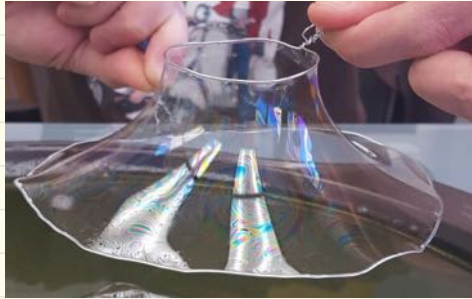


WIRE FRAME W CLOSED CURVE

SOAP FILM S SURFACE

"HANGING FROM" $\partial S = W$

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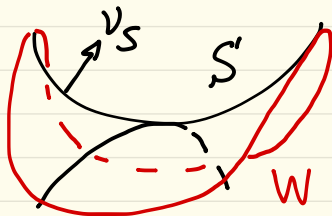


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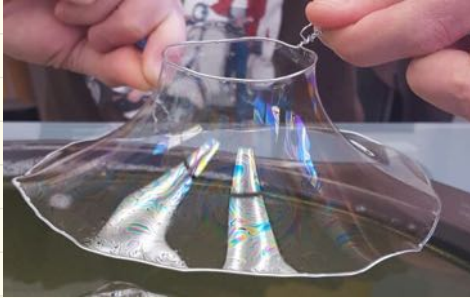
SOAP FILM S SURFACE

"HANGING FROM" $\partial S = W$

MECHANICAL EQUILIBRIUM $H_S = 0$ ZERO MEAN CURVATURE



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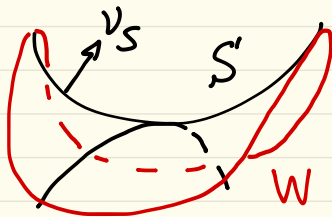


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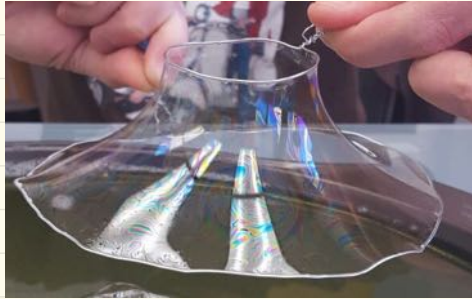


→ BALANCE OF PRESSURES

SURFACE TENSION VS ATM. PRESSURE

↳ LAPLACE PRESSURE
YOUNG ≈ 1805

MINIMAL SURFACES = BASIC MODEL FOR SOAP FILMS
HANGING FROM A WIRE FRAME
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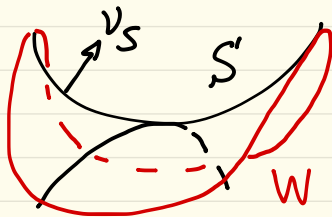


WIRE FRAME W CLOSED CURVE

SOAP FILM S SURFACE

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→ BALANCE OF PRESSURES

→ PRINCIPLE OF VIRTUAL WORK GAUSS 1830

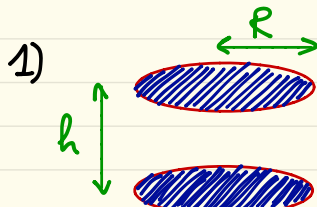
$$\left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} \text{Area}(Id + t u \nu_S) = \int_S u H_S$$

IF $u = 0$ ON W

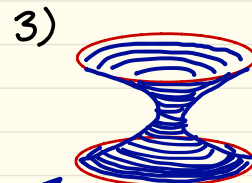
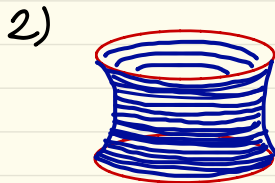
LIMITATIONS OF THE MODEL $H_g = 0$ $\partial S = W$

NON-UNIQUENESS W TWO COAXIAL CIRCLES $h/R \lesssim 1.33$

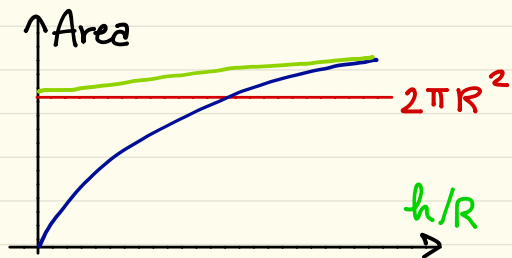
$\Rightarrow$ THREE DIFFERENT MINIMAL SURFACES S.T. $\partial M = W$



BOTH STABLE



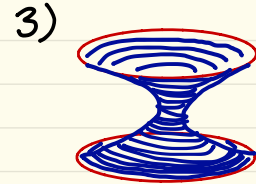
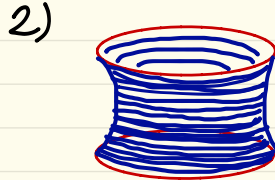
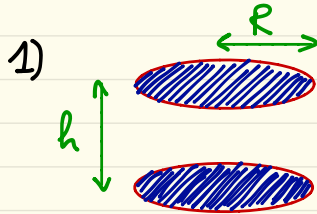
UNSTABLE



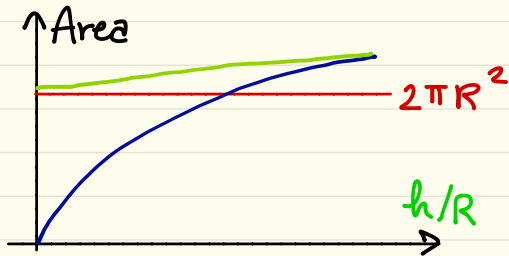
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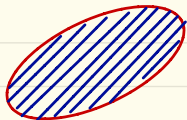


A PRIORI SMOOTHNESS



NO LENGTH SCALE

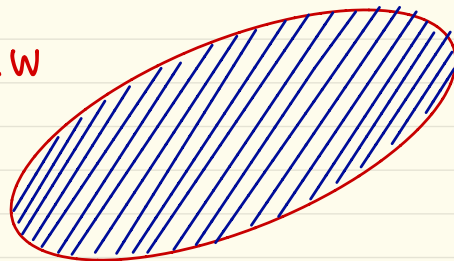
$$H_M = 0$$
$$\partial M = W$$



RESCALE $\lambda \gg 1$

$$H_{\lambda M} = 0$$

$$\partial(\lambda M) = \lambda W$$

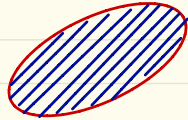


MISSING:

LIMITATION ON SIZE OF ACTUAL SOAP FILMS

NO LENGTH SCALE

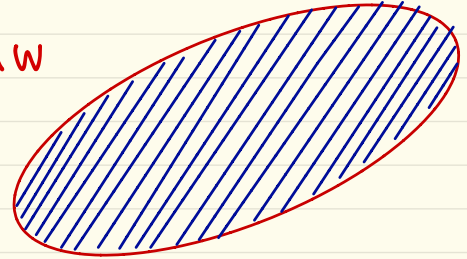
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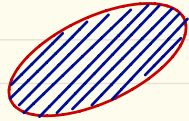
LIMITATION ON SIZE OF ACTUAL SOAP FILMS

KEY POINT SOAP FILMS ARE ACTUALLY 3D OBJECTS

WITH THICKNESS OF ORDER $\approx 1 \mu m = 10^{-6} m$

NO LENGTH SCALE

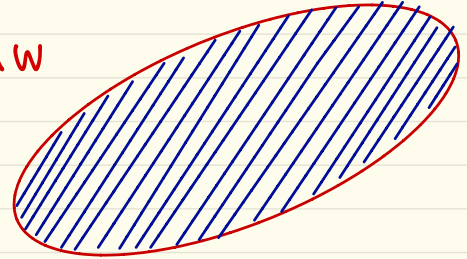
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LIMITATION ON SIZE OF ACTUAL SOAP FILMS

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WITH THICKNESS OF ORDER $\approx 1 \mu m = 10^{-6} m$

CORRECT EQNS BALANCE OF PRESSURES WITH THICKNESS

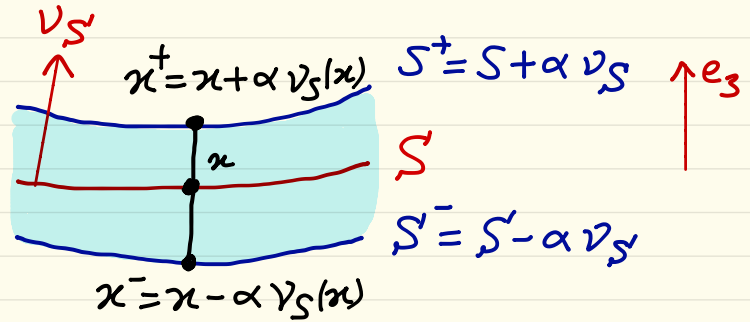
(MORE ACCURATE THAN LAPLACE'S BALANCE!)

DEFAY & PRIGOGINE SURFACE TENSION & ADSORPTION 1966

BALANCE OF PRESSURES

S MIDSURFACE

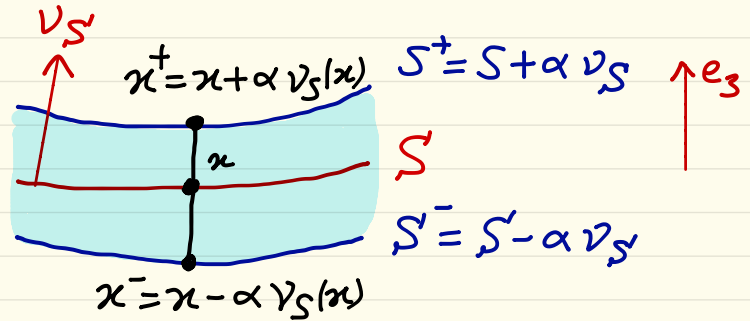
$\alpha(x)$ THICKNESS



BALANCE OF PRESSURES

S MIDSURFACE

$\alpha(x)$ THICKNESS



$$p(x^+) = p_0 - \sigma H_{S^+}(x^+)$$

$$p(x^-) = p_0 + \sigma H_{S^-}(x^-)$$

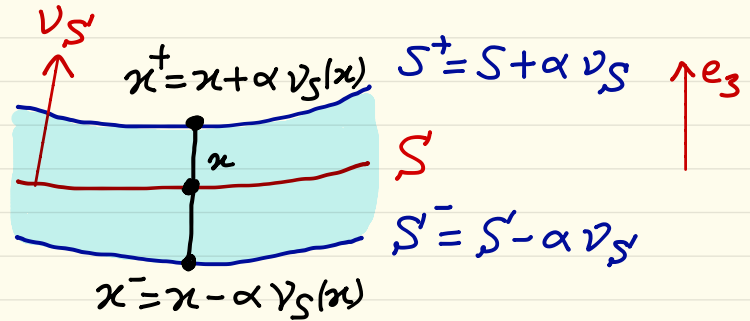
σ SURFACE TENSION N/m

p_0 ATM. PRESSURE N/m^2

BALANCE OF PRESSURES

S MIDSURFACE

$\alpha(x)$ THICKNESS



$$\begin{cases} p(x^+) = p_0 - \sigma H_{S^+}(x^+) \\ p(x^-) = p_0 + \sigma H_{S^-}(x^-) \\ p(x^-) - p(x^+) = \rho g (x^+ - x^-) \cdot e_3 \end{cases}$$

σ SURFACE TENSION N/m

ρ VOLUME DENSITY kg/m^3

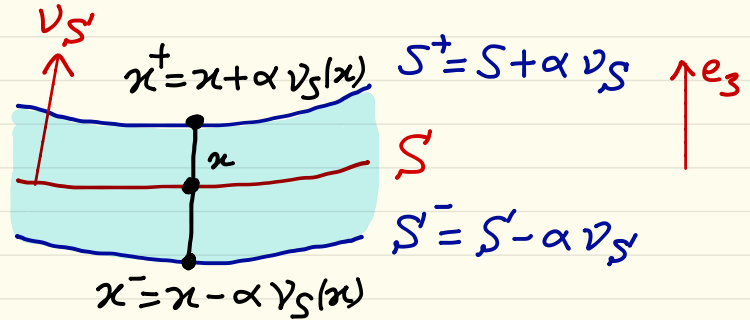
g EARTH'S GRAVITY m/s^2

p_0 ATM. PRESSURE N/m^2

BALANCE OF PRESSURES

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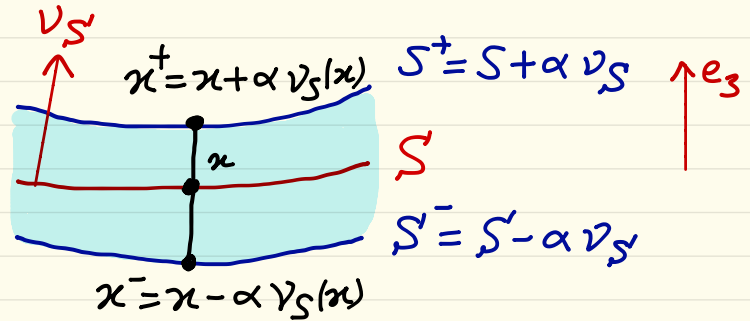
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$$= \rho g 2\alpha (v_S \cdot e_3)$$

$$2\rho g \alpha v_S \cdot e_3 = \sigma \{ H_{S^-}(x^-) - H_{S^+}(x^+) \}$$

σ SURFACE TENSION N/m

ρ VOLUME DENSITY kg/m^3

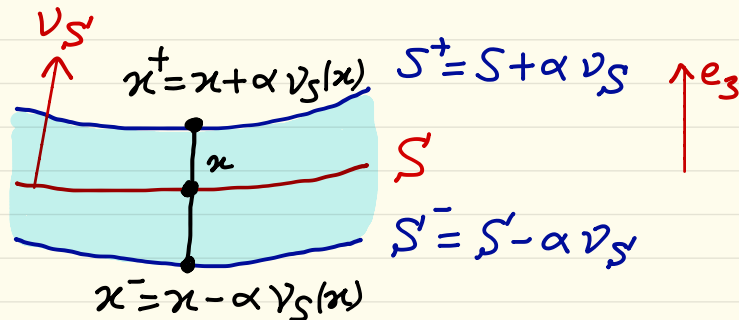
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$$= \rho g 2\alpha (\gamma_S \cdot e_3)$$

$$2\rho g \alpha \gamma_S \cdot e_3$$

$$= \sigma \{ H_{S^-}(x^-) - H_{S^+}(x^+) \}$$

$$= \sigma \left\{ \sum \frac{k_i}{1 - \alpha k_i} + \sum \frac{k_i}{1 + \alpha k_i} \right\}$$

σ SURFACE TENSION N/m

ρ VOLUME DENSITY kg/m^3

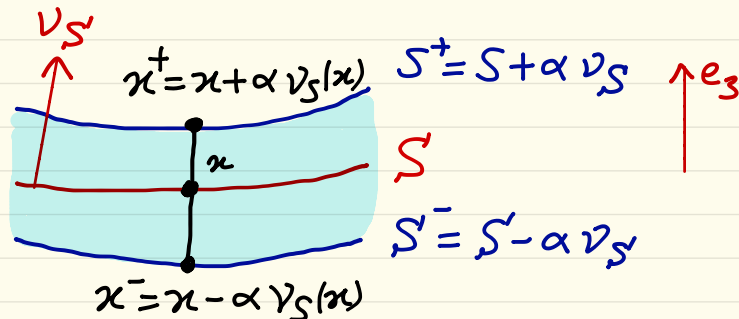
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BALANCE OF PRESSURES

$\mathcal{S}$ MIDSURFACE

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$$\begin{cases}
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 p(x^-) = p_0 + \sigma H_{S^-}(x^-) \\
 p(x^-) - p(x^+) = \rho g (x^+ - x^-) \cdot e_3
 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \rho g 2\alpha (v_S \cdot e_3) \\
 &= \sigma \{ H_{S^-}(x^-) - H_{S^+}(x^+) \} \\
 &= \sigma \left\{ \sum \frac{k_i}{1 - \alpha k_i} + \sum \frac{k_i}{1 + \alpha k_i} \right\} \\
 &= 2\sigma H_S + O(\alpha^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

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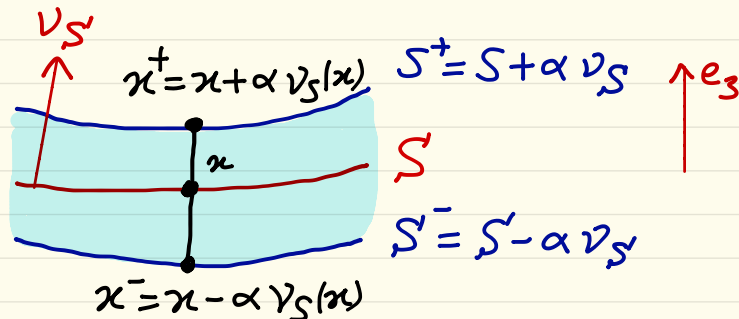
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$$\begin{aligned} & 2\rho g \alpha v_S \cdot e_3 \\ & = \sigma \{ H_{S^-}(x^-) - H_{S^+}(x^+) \} \\ & = \sigma \left\{ \sum \frac{k_i}{1 - \alpha k_i} + \sum \frac{k_i}{1 + \alpha k_i} \right\} \\ & = 2\sigma H_S + O(\alpha^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$H_S = k^2 \alpha (v_S \cdot e_3) + O(\alpha^2)$$

$$k^{-1} = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma}{\rho g}} \quad \text{CAPILLARITY LENGTH}$$

BALANCE OF PRESSURES

$$p(x^+) = p_0 - \sigma H_S^+(x^+)$$

$$p(x^-) = p_0 + \sigma H_S^-(x^-)$$

$$p(x^-) - p(x^+) = \rho g 2\alpha (V_S \cdot e_3)$$

MIDSURFACE EQN.

$$H_S = \kappa^2 \alpha V_S \cdot e_3 + O(\alpha^2)$$

NEED CLARIFICATIONS

BECAUSE...

BALANCE OF PRESSURES

$$p(x^+) = p_0 - \sigma H_S^+(x^+)$$

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NEED CLARIFICATIONS

BECAUSE...

1) VOLUME MORE FUNDAMENTAL THAN THICKNESS

BALANCE OF PRESSURES

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NEED CLARIFICATIONS

BECAUSE...

1) VOLUME MORE FUNDAMENTAL THAN THICKNESS

2) NO MID-SURFACE S FOR SINGULAR CATENOIDS



BALANCE OF PRESSURES

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NEED CLARIFICATIONS

BECAUSE...

- 1) VOLUME MORE FUNDAMENTAL THAN THICKNESS
- 2) NO MID-SURFACE S FOR SINGULAR CATENOIDS
- 3) WHAT IS THE VARIATIONAL FRAMEWORK?



BALANCE OF PRESSURES

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MECHANICAL EQUILIBRIUM OF 3D REGIONS OF LIQUID

⇒ CAPILLARITY THEORY: PERIMETER MINIMIZATION

WITH VOLUME CONSTRAINT

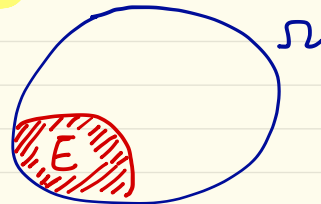
CAPILLARITY THEORY

Ω CONTAINER $E \subseteq \Omega$ LIQUID

$\varepsilon = |E|$ VOLUME OF E SMALL

CAPILLARITY ENERGY

$$\sigma \left\{ \text{Area}(E \cap \partial\Omega) + \beta \text{Area}(\partial\Omega \cap \partial E) \right\} + \rho g \int_E x_3 dx$$



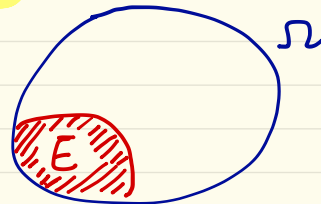
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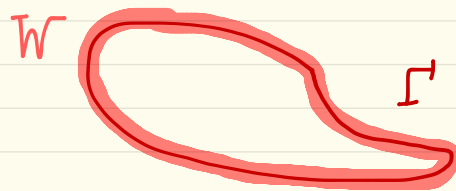
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SOAP FILM Ω COMPLEMENT OF WIRE FRAME $W = I_\delta(\Gamma)$

SO $\Omega = \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus W$ UNBOUNDED



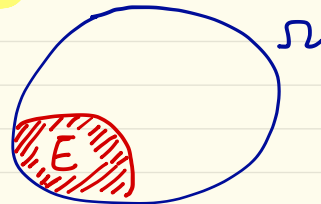
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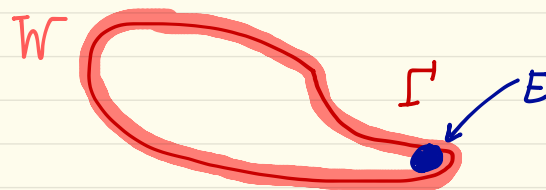
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$\Rightarrow$ WE JUST FIND A SMALL

DROPLET NEAR THE POINT OF

HIGHEST CURVATURE OF W



BAYLE & ROSALES 2005

FALL 2010

MAGGI & MIHAILA 2015

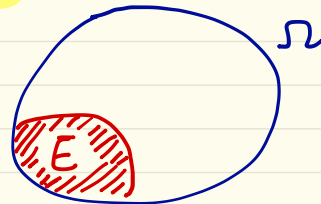
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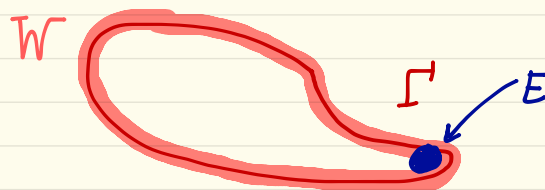
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SO $\Omega = \mathbb{R}^3 \setminus W$ UNBOUNDED

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WE NEED A SPANNING
CONDITION!

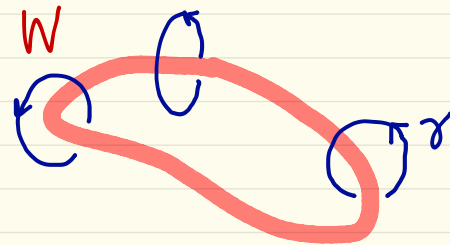
HARRISON-PUGH FORMULATION OF PLATEAU'S PB.

W COMPACT SET IN $\mathbb{R}^{n+1}$

$\mathcal{C}$ FAMILY OF EMBEDDINGS OF S^1

INTO $\Omega = \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \setminus W$ CLOSED BY

HOMOTOPIES RELATIVE TO Ω



HARRISON-PUGH FORMULATION OF PLATEAU'S PB.

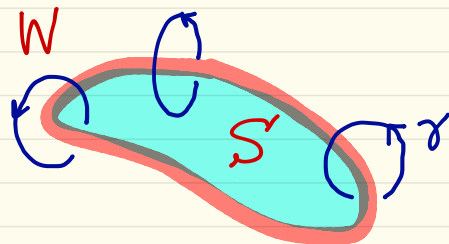
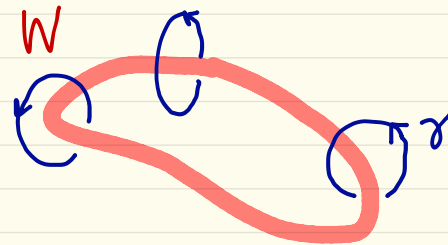
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$$l = \inf \left\{ \mathcal{H}^n(S) : S \text{ CLOSED IN } \Omega \right. \\ \left. \rightarrow S \cap \gamma \neq \emptyset \ \forall \gamma \in \mathcal{C} \right\}$$



HOMOTOPIC SPANNING CONDITION

EXISTENCE OF MINIMIZERS

HARRISON & PUGH 2013

DE LELUIS & GHIRALDIN & MAGGI 2014

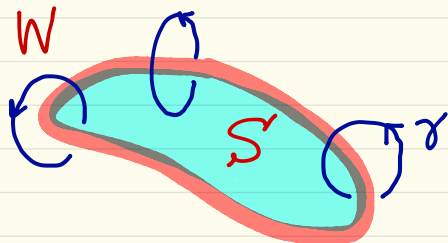
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$$l = \inf \{ \mathcal{H}^n(S) : S \text{ CLOSED IN } \Omega, S \cap \gamma \neq \emptyset \ \forall \gamma \in \mathcal{C} \}$$

MINIMALITY W.R.T. LIPSCHITZ DEFORMATIONS

$$\mathcal{H}^n(S) \leq \mathcal{H}^n(\varphi(S))$$

$$\forall \varphi \in \text{Lip}, \{\varphi \neq \text{id}\} \subset \subset \Omega$$

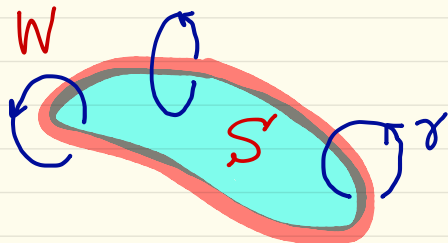
HARRISON-PUGH FORMULATION OF PLATEAU'S PB.

W COMPACT SET IN $\mathbb{R}^{n+1}$

$\mathcal{C}$ FAMILY OF EMBEDDINGS OF S^1

INTO $\Omega = \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \setminus W$ CLOSED BY

HOMOTOPIES RELATIVE TO Ω



$$l = \inf \{ \mathcal{H}^n(S) : S \text{ CLOSED IN } \Omega, S \cap \gamma \neq \emptyset \ \forall \gamma \in \mathcal{C} \}$$

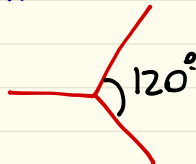
MINIMALITY W.R.T. LIPSCHITZ DEFORMATIONS

$$\mathcal{H}^n(S) \leq \mathcal{H}^n(\varphi(S))$$

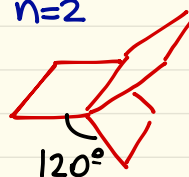
$$\forall \varphi \in \text{Lip}, \{\varphi \neq \text{id}\} \subset \Omega$$

ALMGREN 76

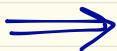
$n=1$



$n=2$



TAYLOR 76



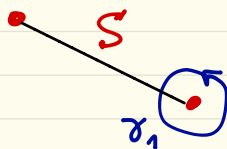
PLATEAU'S LAWS

HARRISON-PUGH FORMULATION OF PLATEAU'S PB.

PLANAR EXAMPLES

1 $W = \{p_1, p_2\}$

$$\mathcal{C} = \{[\gamma_1]\}$$

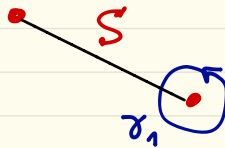


HARRISON-PUGH FORMULATION OF PLATEAU'S PB.

PLANAR EXAMPLES

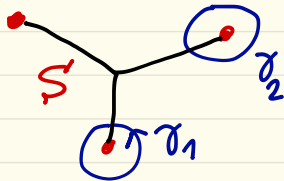
1 $W = \{p_1, p_2\}$

$$\mathcal{C} = \{[\gamma_1]\}$$



2 $W = \{p_1, p_2, p_3\}$

$$\mathcal{C} = \{[\gamma_1], [\gamma_2]\}$$

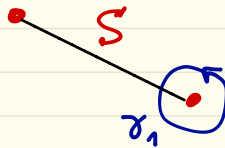


HARRISON-PUGH FORMULATION OF PLATEAU'S PB.

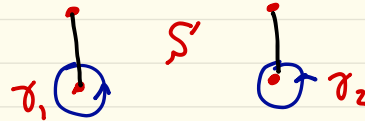
PLANAR EXAMPLES

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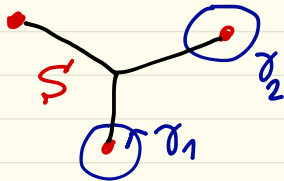


3 $W = \{p_k\}_{k=1}^4$ $\mathcal{C} = \{[\gamma_1], [\gamma_2]\}$



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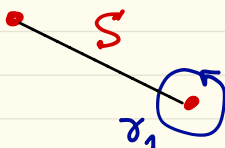


HARRISON-PUGH FORMULATION OF PLATEAU'S PB.

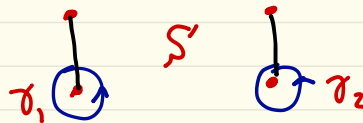
PLANAR EXAMPLES

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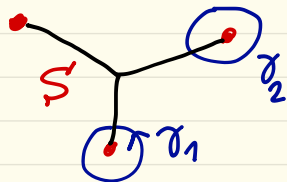


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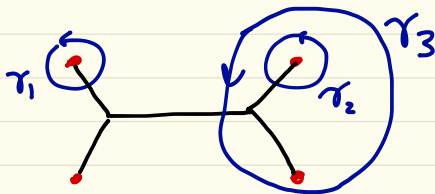


2 $W = \{p_1, p_2, p_3\}$

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4 $W = \{p_k\}_{k=1}^4$ $\mathcal{C} = \{[\gamma_1], [\gamma_2], [\gamma_3]\}$



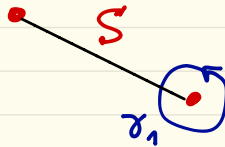
HARRISON-PUGH FORMULATION OF PLATEAU'S PB.

PLANAR EXAMPLES

$$3 \quad W = \{p_k\}_{k=1}^4 \quad \mathcal{C} = \{[\gamma_1], [\gamma_2]\}$$

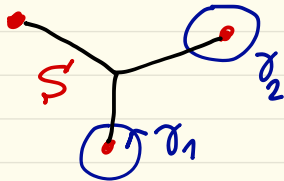
$$1 \quad W = \{p_1, p_2\}$$

$$\mathcal{C} = \{[\gamma_1]\}$$

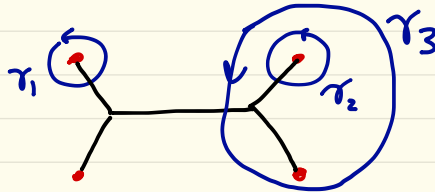


$$2 \quad W = \{p_1, p_2, p_3\}$$

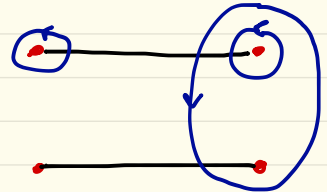
$$\mathcal{C} = \{[\gamma_1], [\gamma_2]\}$$



$$4 \quad W = \{p_k\}_{k=1}^4 \quad \mathcal{C} = \{[\gamma_1], [\gamma_2], [\gamma_3]\}$$



NON UNIQUENESS



CAPILLARITY APPROXIMATION OF PLATEAU PROBLEM

W COMPACT IN $\mathbb{R}^{n+1}$; $\mathcal{C}$ SPANNING CLASS IN $\Omega = \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \setminus W$

$$l = \inf \{ \mathcal{H}^n(S) : S \text{ CLOSED IN } \Omega, S \cap \gamma \neq \emptyset \ \forall \gamma \in \mathcal{C} \}$$

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CAPILLARITY WITH $\sigma=1$, $\beta=0$, $g=0$ & HOMOTOPIC SPANNING

$$\psi(\varepsilon) = \inf \left\{ \mathcal{H}^n(\Omega \cap \partial E) : E \subseteq \Omega \text{ OPEN}, |E| = \varepsilon, \Omega \cap \partial E \cap \gamma \neq \emptyset \right. \\ \left. \forall \gamma \in \mathcal{C} \right\}$$

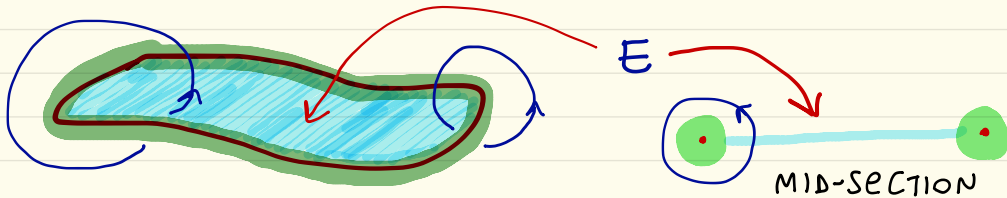
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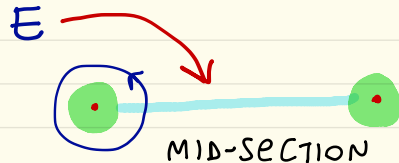
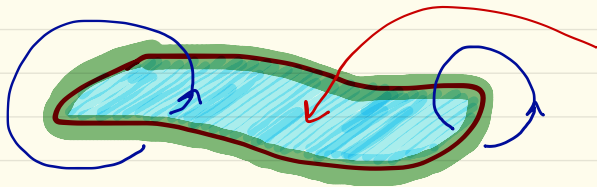
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MID-SECTION

TWICE THE AREA

POSSIBLE COLLAPSING OF

MINIMIZING SEQUENCES



$$E_j \rightarrow E \text{ IN } L^1(\Omega)$$

THM ($\exists$ OF GENERALIZED MINIMIZERS)

IF $\ell < \infty$, ∂W SMOOTH, $\exists \tau_0 > 0$ S.T. $\mathbb{R}^{n+1} \setminus I_\tau(W)$ CONNECTED $\forall \tau < \tau_0$

& $\exists \eta_0 > 0 \exists S$ MIN. OF ℓ S.T. $\gamma \setminus I_{\eta_0}(S) \neq \emptyset \forall \gamma \in \mathcal{C}$

THEN

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THEN $\forall$ MINIM. SEQUENCE $\{\varepsilon_j\}$ OF $\psi(\varepsilon)$

$\exists K$ COMPACT IN Ω , $\exists E \subset \Omega$, $|E| = \varepsilon$, $\Omega \cap \partial E \subset K$

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④ $\psi(\varepsilon) = 2 \mathcal{H}^n(K \setminus \partial^* E) + \mathcal{H}^n(\Omega \cap \partial^* E)$

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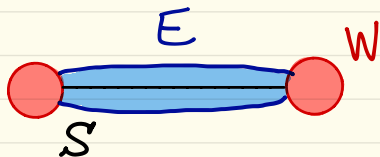
④ $\psi(\varepsilon) = 2 \mathcal{H}^n(K \setminus \partial^* E) + \mathcal{H}^n(\Omega \cap \partial^* E)$

STANDARD MINIMIZER IF $K = \Omega \cap \partial E$

COLLAPSED MINIMIZER IF $\mathcal{H}^n(K \setminus \partial E) > 0$

PLANAR EXAMPLES

1 W TWO DISKS



S SEGMENT S.T. $\mathcal{H}^1(S) = \ell$

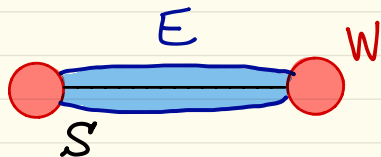
E MIN OF $\psi(\varepsilon)$
TWO CIRCULAR ARCS
OF CURVATURE $\mathcal{O}(\varepsilon)$

$$\psi(\varepsilon) = 2\ell + C\varepsilon^2 + o(\varepsilon^2)$$



PLANAR EXAMPLES

1 W TWO DISKS



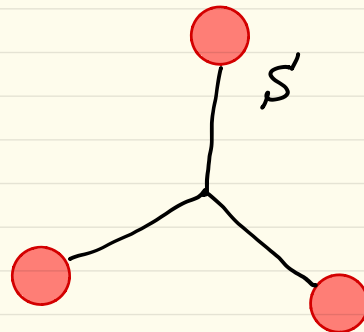
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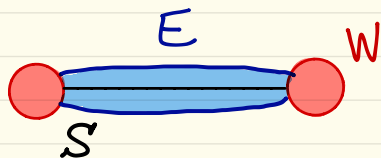


2 W THREE DISKS



PLANAR EXAMPLES

1 W TWO DISKS



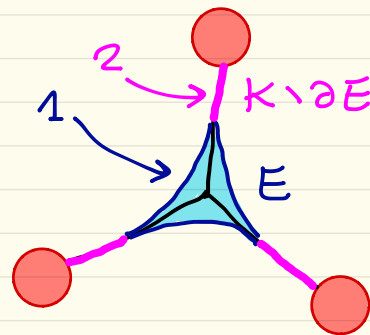
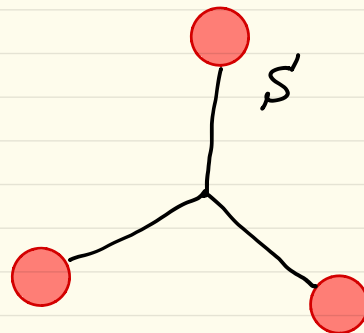
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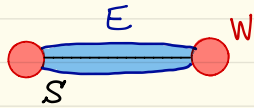


2 W THREE DISKS

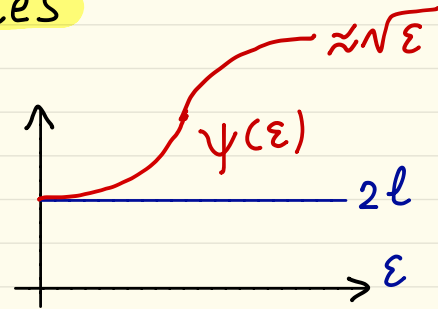


PLANAR EXAMPLES

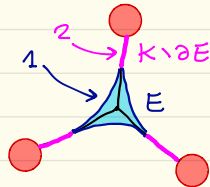
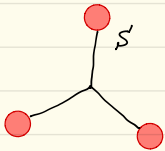
1 W TWO DISKS



$$\psi(\varepsilon) = 2\ell + C\varepsilon^2 + o(\varepsilon^2)$$



2 W THREE DISKS

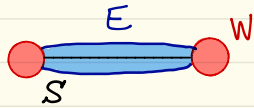


S 3 SEGMENTS

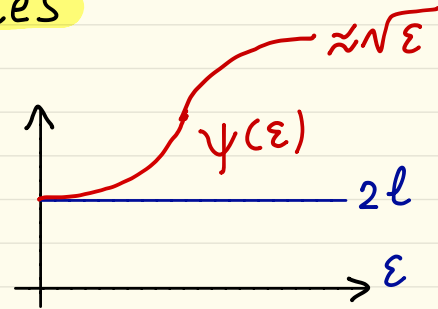
(k, E) GENERALIZED MW.

PLANAR EXAMPLES

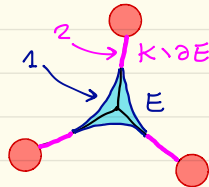
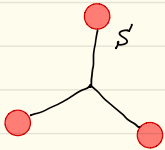
1 W TWO DISKS



$$\psi(\varepsilon) = 2\ell + C\varepsilon^2 + o(\varepsilon^2)$$



2 W THREE DISKS



S 3 SEGMENTS

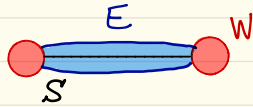
(k, E) GENERALIZED MW.

$k \cdot \delta E$ COLLAPSED PART
TWICE THE LENGTH

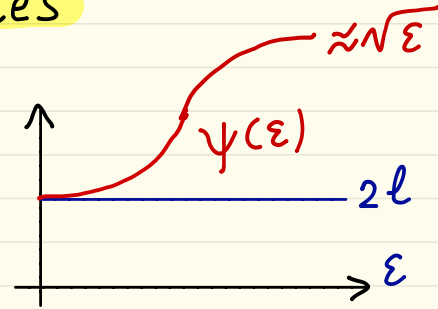
∂E 3 CIRCULAR ARCS OF
CURVATURE $O(-1/\sqrt{\varepsilon})$

PLANAR EXAMPLES

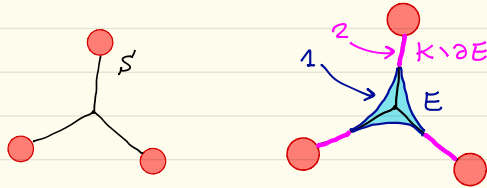
1 W TWO DISKS



$$\psi(\varepsilon) = 2\ell + C\varepsilon^2 + o(\varepsilon^2)$$



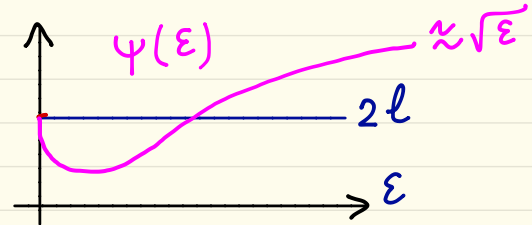
2 W THREE DISKS



$k\delta E$ COLLAPSED PART
TWICE THE LENGTH

S 3 SEGMENTS

(k, E) GENERALIZED MW.



∂E 3 CIRCULAR ARCS OF
CURVATURE $O(-1/\sqrt{\varepsilon})$

$$\psi(\varepsilon) = 2\ell - C\sqrt{\varepsilon} + o(\sqrt{\varepsilon})$$

THM CONVERGENCE TO PLATEAU

UNDER THE SAME ASSUMPTIONS OF THE $\exists$ THM :

- 1 $\psi(\varepsilon)$ IS LOWER SEMICONTINUOUS WITH $\psi(\varepsilon) \leq 2\ell + C\varepsilon^{n/(n+1)}$
- 2 $\psi(\varepsilon) \rightarrow 2\ell$ AS $\varepsilon \rightarrow 0^+$;

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IN FACT IF (K_j, E_j) MIN. OF $\psi(\varepsilon_j)$ FOR $\varepsilon_j \rightarrow 0^+$

THEN $\exists S$ MIN OF ℓ S.T.

$$2\mathcal{H}^n(K_j \setminus \partial^* E_j) + \mathcal{H}^n(\Omega \cap \partial^* E_j) \xrightarrow{*} 2\mathcal{H}^n \llcorner S'$$

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CONJECTURE NO COLLAPSING IF EVERY MIN OF ℓ IS SMOOTH

THM CONVERGENCE TO PLATEAU

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CONJECTURE NO COLLAPSING IF EVERY MIN OF ℓ IS SMOOTH

SELECTION MORE CURVATURE, MORE SINGULARITIES

THM BASIC REGULARITY

IF (K, E) GEN MIN OF $\psi(\varepsilon)$, $\mathcal{F}(K, E) = 2\mathcal{H}^{\tilde{n}}(K \setminus \partial^* E) + \mathcal{H}^{\tilde{n}}(\Omega \cap \partial^* E)$

THM BASIC REGULARITY

IF (K, E) GEN MIN OF $\psi(E)$, $\mathcal{F}(K, E) = 2\mathcal{H}^{\tilde{n}}(K \setminus \partial^* E) + \mathcal{H}^{\tilde{n}}(\Omega \cap \partial^* E)$

THEN $\mathcal{F}(K, E) \leq \mathcal{F}(\varphi(K), \varphi(E))$, $\forall \varphi: \Omega \rightarrow \Omega$ DIFFEOMORPHISM
S.T. $|E| = |\varphi(E)|$

THM BASIC REGULARITY

IF (K, E) GEN MIN OF $\psi(E)$, $\mathcal{F}(K, E) = 2\mathcal{H}^n(K \setminus \partial^* E) + \mathcal{H}^n(\Omega \cap \partial^* E)$

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IN PARTICULAR:

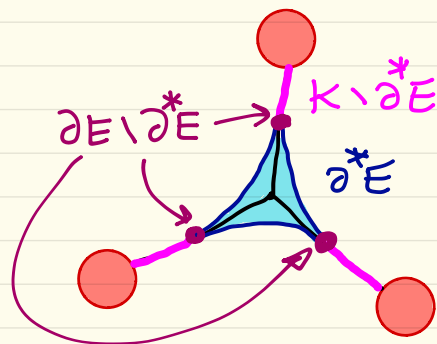
$\exists \lambda \in \mathbb{R}$, $\exists \Sigma \subseteq K$ CLOSED S.T.

$K \setminus (\Sigma \cup \partial E) \subset C^\infty$ MINIMAL SURFACE

$\Omega \cap \partial^* E \subset C^\infty$, CONSTANT MEAN CURV. λ

$\mathcal{H}^n(\Sigma \setminus \partial E) = 0$;

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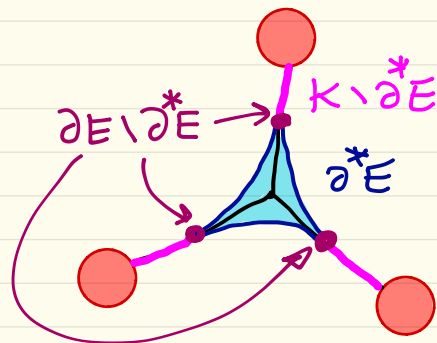
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STRONGER REGULARITY EXPECTED e.g. WORK IN PROGRESS

INDICATES THAT $\Sigma \cap (K \setminus \partial E) = \emptyset$ IF $n=1, 2$

THM COLLAPSING & CONVEX HULL PROPERTY

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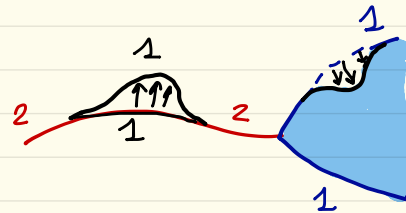
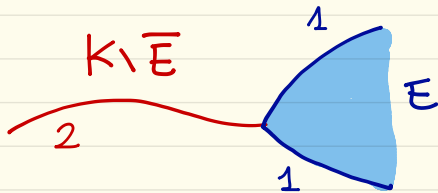
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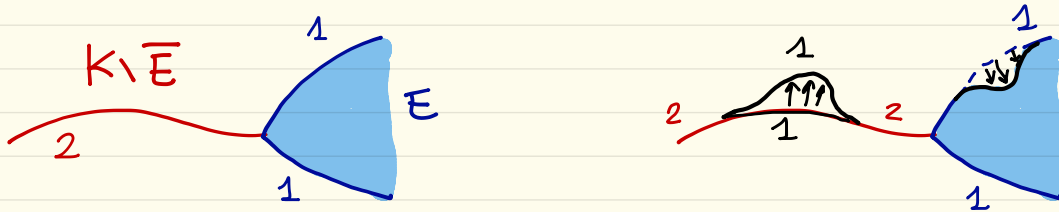
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AREA INCREASE QUADRATIC IN VOLUME ADDED v (BY $H_{K \setminus \bar{E}} = 0$)

FOLLOWED BY AREA VARIATION λv TO RESTORE TOT. VOLUME

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KING, MAGGI, STUWARD ARXIV FEB 2020

COLLAPSING & THE CONVEX HULL PROPERTY IN A SOAP FILM

CAPILLARITY MODEL

