

One aspect of regression is to see how the "center" of the conditional distributions varies as a function of the explanatory variable -- e.g., to express  $E(Y|X = x)$  as a function of  $x$ .

A *smooth* is a curve constructed to go through or close to all points  $(x, E(Y|X = x))$  (a "mean smooth") or through or close to all points  $(x, \text{med}(Y|X = x))$  (a "median smooth").

*Example:* In the fish data, we have seen both a median smooth (transparency) and a lowess mean smooth (constructed by arc).

*Note:* The median smooth was easy to construct for the fish data, since there were just a few values of the explanatory variable.

*Example:* In trying to construct a median smooth for the haystack data, we need to choose the number of "slices," introducing the idea of a *smoothing parameter*.

*Note:* 1. What does the haystack smooth help us see in the data?  
2. Arc also has a "slide smooth" function illustrating how a parameter is involved in creating a smooth.

The *lowess* (locally weighted scatterplot smoother) *smooth* can be found on most statistical software .

### ***Outline of how the lowess curve is calculated***

- Start with data points  $(x_1, y_1), \dots, (x_n, y_n)$ .
- Select a *smoothing parameter*  $f$  between 0 and 1. (We'll use  $f = 0.5$  for illustration.)
- For each  $i$ ,
  - a. Look at the half (if  $f = 1/2$  --  $1/4$  if  $f = 1/4$ , etc.) of the data with  $x$  values closest to  $x_i$ .
  - b. Fit a line (using weighted least squares -- we may talk about this later) to these points in a way that give more weight to points with  $x$  closest to  $x_i$ .
  - c. Replace  $y_i$  with  $y_i' =$  the  $y$ -value of the point on this line corresponding to  $x_i$ . (So  $y_i'$  "adjusts"  $y_i$  to be influenced by nearby data points.)
- After doing this separately for each  $i$ , repeat the procedure using points  $(x, y_i')$  (so the effect of points away from the trend will probably be less.)
- After a few iterations of this process, connect all the current "adjusted" points.