

M408R in-class problem, November 19, 2014

Last week the European Space Agency landed a lander, called Philae, on a comet 300 million miles from Earth. The trouble is that the lander had limited battery power, and a lot of scientific experiments to do. Philae made it through the primary to-do list before its battery went dead.

Suppose that Philae's last experiment requires 500 units of energy. However, the battery will only be capable of putting out  $300e^{-t/2}$  units of energy per hour at a time  $t$  hours from now. Will Philae be able to complete its last task? If so, how long will it take?

That's a lot to think about, so let's break it down into steps.

- a) How much energy does the battery put out in a time interval of length  $\Delta t$ ?
- b) Write down a Riemann sum that approximates the energy output between time  $a$  and time  $b$ .
- c) By taking a limit as the number of time intervals goes to infinity, write down an integral that gives the energy output exactly.
- d) Now let  $A(t)$  be the energy output between time 0 and time  $t$ . Find a formula for  $A(t)$ .
- e) Can you solve  $A(t) = 500$ ? If so, what is  $t$ ?