

M408R Second Midterm Exam, October 24, 2014

1) This problem is a series of short questions, each worth 6 points (a–e) or 5 points (f and g).

a) Compute  $df/dx$ , where  $f(x) = 1027e^{2x}$ .

b) Compute  $dh/dx$ , where  $h(x) = \ln(\cos(2x))$

c) Compute the derivative of  $j(x) = \sin(x)e^{(x^2)}$ .

d) Compute the derivative of  $k(x) = \frac{2x+1}{3x+7}$ .

e) Find the partial derivative of  $F(x, y) = \frac{e^{xy}}{y}$  with respect to  $x$ .

f) Simplify  $\sqrt{\ln(e^{25})}$  as much as possible.

g) Simplify  $4^{\log_2(7)}$  as much as possible.

2) Consider the function  $f(x) = \ln(x^2 + 1) - \ln(5)$ .

a) Compute  $f'(x)$ .

b) Let  $L$  be the line tangent to the curve  $y = f(x)$  at  $x = 2$ . Find the slope of  $L$ .

c) Find the equation of  $L$ . (You can leave your answer in either point-slope or slope-intercept form.)

d) Use your answers to (b) and (c) to approximate  $f(2.05)$ . [Note: This is a problem about calculus, so just plugging  $x = 2.05$  into your calculator and hitting the  $\ln$  key is NOT worth any points. But it's not a bad way to check your answer.]

3) A colony of bacteria is undergoing exponential growth. That is, if  $B(t)$  is the amount of bacteria (measured in grams) at time  $t$  (measured in hours), then

$$B(t) = Ce^{rt},$$

where  $C$  and  $r$  are unknown constants.

a) If there are 2 grams of bacteria at time  $t = 0$ , what is  $C$ ?

b) 4 hours later, the mass of bacteria has grown to 2.83 grams. From this fact (and your answer to (a)), compute  $r$ .

c) At some time later, there are 4 grams of bacteria. How fast (in grams/hour) is  $B$  changing at this later time?

4) (Note: the following numbers are made up, but the problem of animal extinction is very real.) The population  $E(t)$  of elephants in East Africa is decreasing at a rate proportional to the existing population. In the year 2000, there were 35,000 left. At that time, their number was decreasing at a rate of 1400 elephants/year.

a) Write down an initial value problem that governs the population of elephants. That is, write down i) a rate equation and ii) an initial condition. Your answers should be of the form

$$E'(t) = (\text{some expression involving } E(t)), \quad E(\text{some time}) = (\text{some value}).$$

b) Write down the *solution* to this initial value problem. Your answer should be of the form  $E(t) = (\text{some explicit function of } t)$ .

c) If this model is correct, how many elephants will be left in 2050? In 2100?