

Problem 1. Delusional politicians

1% of the population suffers from “delusions of grandeur”, a person’s belief that he is far, far more important than the facts would indicate. 5% of the people with such delusions run for public office, but only 0.1% of people without delusions of grandeur run for public office. [Note: these numbers are made up, but the psychosis is real. I’ll leave it to you to decide whether the diagnosis applies to anybody you know.]

- a) What is the probability of a randomly chosen person running for office?
- b) Given that a person is running for office, what is the probability of his having delusions of grandeur?

Problem 2. 5 Crowns

5 Crowns is a real card game that my children enjoy. There are 5 suits (clubs, diamonds, hearts, spades and stars) and the cards range in value from 3 to King (no aces or 2s). Suppose a player is dealt 8 cards.

- a) What is the probability that he has no kings? Give an exact answer, which you can leave in the form of factorials or binomial coefficients.
- b) What is the probability that he has 3 clubs, 2 diamonds, one heart, one spade and one star?
- c) What is the probability that he has 4 pair?

Extra credit (write answer on back): Approximate the answer to (a) using the binomial or Poisson distribution. Your final answer should be numerical.

Problem 3. Joint distributions

X and Y are discrete random variables whose joint pdf is given in the table :

$Y \backslash X$	1	2	5
1	.12	.03	.15
2	.20	.05	.25
3	.08	.02	.10

- a) Find the marginal probability density functions $f_X(x)$ and $f_Y(y)$ for all possible values of X and Y , respectively.
- b) Find the conditional probability $P(Y = 3 | X = 2)$. Are the events “ $Y = 3$ ” and “ $X = 2$ ” independent? Are X and Y independent random variables?
- c) Let $Z = X + Y$. Compute the pdf $f_Z(z)$.

Problem 4. Light bulbs

The lifetime of a 60 watt incandescent light bulb is given by the exponential distribution, with mean 1000 hours.

- Find the probability that a randomly chosen light bulb last less than 50 hours.
- A Christmas light display consists of 1000 light bulbs, whose lifetimes are assumed to be independent. Let X be the number of light bulbs that burn out in the first 50 hours. Which distribution describes X ? Give an exact formula for $f_X(x)$.
- Approximate the probability that $X \leq 45$ using the normal distribution.

Problem 5. Misbehaving kids

Like all children, my kids sometimes misbehave. Being children of a mathematician, they misbehave according to independent Poisson processes. Allan misbehaves an average of 3 times per hour, Rina an average of 2 times per hour, and Jonathan an average of 1.5 times per hour.

- In one hour, what is the probability that Jonathan doesn't misbehave at all? What is the probability that Allan misbehaves 2 or fewer times.
- In a 15 minute period, what is the probability that there will be exactly one instance of misbehavior among the kids?
- Let X be the total number of misbehaviors in 2 hours (for all three kids put together). Find the mean and standard deviation of X .

Problem 6. Manipulating random variables (10 points)

Let X be a continuous random variable, uniformly distributed between 1 and 2. Let $Y = X^2$.

- Find $f_Y(y)$ for all values of y .
- Find $E(Y)$ and $Var(Y)$. [Note: it is possible to do (b) without first doing (a).]

Problem 7. Pennies

A penny is approximately 1 gram. That is, the weight of a (random) penny is a continuous random variable with mean 1.00 grams and standard deviation 0.04 grams. A roll of pennies contains 50 pennies, whose weights are independent. Let X be the weight of a roll of pennies, in grams.

- Find $E(X)$ and $Var(X)$.
- Using the normal distribution, estimate the probability that $49.5 < X < 50.5$.