

Determinants:

$\text{Det}(A) =$ ugly formula with $n!$ terms.

What's it good for:

$\text{Det}(A) = \pm$ Volume of parallelogram spanned
by columns of A

$=$ same with rows

$\text{Det} = 0 \iff$ vectors are linearly dependent

$\iff A$ is singular.

$\text{Det} \neq 0 \iff$ vectors are linearly independent.

\iff vectors span \mathbb{R}^n

$\iff A$ is invertible.

In \mathbb{R}^1 $A = (a)$

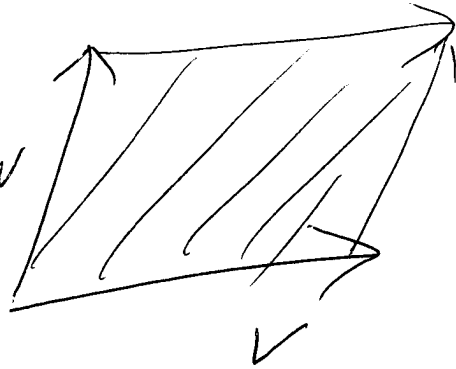
length of (a) is a if $a > 0$
 $-a$ if $a < 0$

length = $|a|$

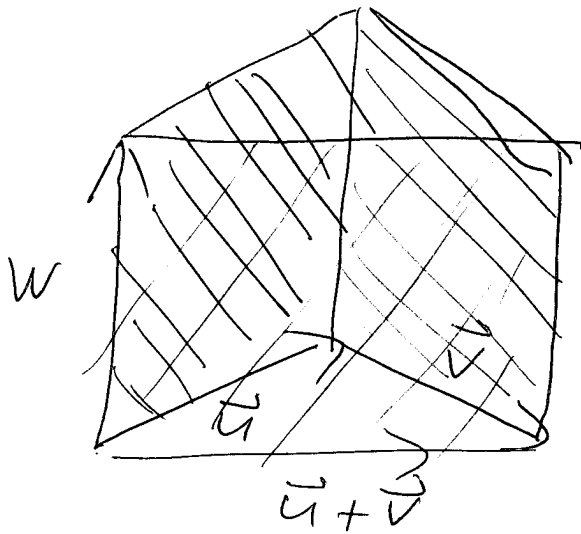
$a = \pm \text{length}$.

$\vec{v}, \vec{w} \in \mathbb{R}^2$

Area $(\vec{v}, \vec{w}) =$ area of w



$$\text{Area}(\vec{u} + \vec{v}, \vec{w}) = A(\vec{u}, \vec{w}) + A(\vec{v}, \vec{w})$$



$$\text{Area}(\vec{u}, \vec{v} + \vec{w}) = A(\vec{u}, \vec{v}) + A(\vec{u}, \vec{w})$$

$$\text{Area}(c\vec{v}, \vec{w}) = c A(\vec{v}, \vec{w}) = A(\vec{v}, c\vec{w})$$

$$A(\vec{v}, \vec{v}) = 0 = A(\vec{w}, \vec{w}) = A(\vec{v} + \vec{w}, \vec{v} + \vec{w})$$

$$0 = A(\vec{v} + \vec{w}, \vec{v} + \vec{w}) = A(\vec{v}, \vec{w}) + A(\vec{v}, \vec{v}) + A(\vec{w}, \vec{v}) + A(\vec{w}, \vec{w})$$

$$A(\vec{w}, \vec{v}) = -A(\vec{v}, \vec{w})$$

$$\vec{v} = (a, b) = a\vec{i} + b\vec{j}$$

$$\vec{w} = (c, d) = c\vec{i} + d\vec{j}$$

$$A_{\text{rea}}(\vec{v}, \vec{w}) = A_{\text{rea}}(a\vec{i} + b\vec{j}, c\vec{i} + d\vec{j})$$

$$= \cancel{\text{Area}} ac \cancel{\text{Area}(\vec{i}, \vec{i})} + ad \cancel{\text{Area}(\vec{i}, \vec{j})} + bc \cancel{\text{Area}(\vec{j}, \vec{i})} + bd \cancel{\text{Area}(\vec{j}, \vec{j})}$$

$$= ad - bc$$

$$\text{Det} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix} = ad - bc$$

$$\text{Det} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \text{Det} \begin{pmatrix} a & c \\ b & d \end{pmatrix}$$

$$n=3$$

$$\text{Vol}(\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w})$$

- 1) Linear in \vec{u}
- 2) Linear in \vec{v}
- 3) Linear in \vec{w} .
- 4) If any two are same, $\text{Vol} = 0$
- 5) Swapping 2 vectors changes sign.

$$0 = \text{Vol}(\vec{u} + \vec{v}, \vec{u} + \vec{v}, \vec{w}) = \cancel{\text{Vol}(\vec{u}, \vec{u}, \vec{w})} + \text{Vol}(\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}) + \text{Vol}(\vec{v}, \vec{u}, \vec{w}) + \cancel{\text{Vol}(\vec{v}, \vec{v}, \vec{w})}$$

$$\text{Vol}(\vec{v}, \vec{u}, \vec{w}) = -\text{Vol}(\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } \text{Vol}(\vec{i}, \vec{j}, \vec{k}) &= \text{Vol}(\vec{j}, \vec{k}, \vec{i}) = \text{Vol}(\vec{k}, \vec{i}, \vec{j}) = 1 \\ \text{Vol}(\vec{i}, \vec{k}, \vec{j}) &= \text{Vol}(\vec{k}, \vec{j}, \vec{i}) = \text{Vol}(\vec{j}, \vec{i}, \vec{k}) = -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{u} = a\vec{i} + b\vec{j} + c\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{v} = d\vec{i} + e\vec{j} + f\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{w} = g\vec{i} + h\vec{j} + l\vec{k}$$

$$\text{Vol}(\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}) = \sum 27 \text{ terms.}$$

21 terms are zero. 6 are left.

$$a e l \text{Vol}(\vec{i}, \vec{j}, \vec{k}) + b f g \text{Vol}(\vec{j}, \vec{k}, \vec{i})$$

$$+ c d h \text{Vol}(\vec{k}, \vec{i}, \vec{j})$$

$$+ a f h \text{Vol}(\vec{i}, \vec{k}, \vec{j}) + b d l \text{Vol}(\vec{j}, \vec{i}, \vec{k})$$

$$+ c e g \text{Vol}(\vec{k}, \vec{j}, \vec{i})$$

$$= [a e l + b f g + c d h - a f h - b d l - c e g]$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} + & + & + & - & - & - \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 7 & 1 & 3 & 7 \end{array}$$

$$= 14 + 3 + 3 - 2 - 9 - 7$$

$$= 2$$

Examples: $\det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \text{row reduction}$

$$= \det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = 2$$

also:

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix} = \det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$+ \det \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix} + \det \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

Aim for cofactor formula.

$$\begin{vmatrix} \times & \times \\ \times & \times \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \times & \times \\ \times & \times \end{vmatrix}^-$$

$$\det \begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix} = ad - bc$$

$$\det(A) = \sum_{\substack{\text{all permutations} \\ \sigma \text{ of } (1, 2, \dots, n)}} \pm a_{1\sigma_1} a_{2\sigma_2} \dots a_{n\sigma_n}$$

def.

+ for even permutations (# flips = even)

- for odd permutations (# flips = odd)

3 Row operations:

- 1) Add a multiple of one row to another
- 2) Swap 2 rows
- 3) Rescale a row.

What happens to determinant?

$$1) \det \begin{vmatrix} \vec{v} \\ \vec{w} \\ \vec{x} \end{vmatrix} \quad \text{vs} \quad \det \begin{vmatrix} \vec{v} \\ \vec{w} + 3\vec{x} \\ \vec{x} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \det \begin{vmatrix} \vec{v} \\ \vec{w} + 3\vec{x} \\ \vec{x} \end{vmatrix} &= \det \begin{vmatrix} \vec{v} \\ \vec{w} \\ \vec{x} \end{vmatrix} + \det \begin{vmatrix} \vec{v} \\ 3\vec{x} \\ \vec{x} \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \det \begin{vmatrix} \vec{v} \\ \vec{w} \\ \vec{x} \end{vmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Operation 1 doesn't change det!

Operation 2 flips sign of det.

Operation 3 rescales det.

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & & & 0 \\ & a_{22} & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ 0 & & & a_{nn} \end{pmatrix} = \text{product of diagonal entries,}$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & & \text{(stuff)} \\ & a_{22} & \\ & & \ddots \\ 0 & & & a_{nn} \end{pmatrix} = \text{same.}$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & & 0 \\ \text{stuff} & & \\ & & a_{nn} \end{pmatrix} = \text{same.}$$

$\det A = \pm \prod$ pivots in REF obtained without rescaling.

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix} = \det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \det \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = 2$$

$$\det(A^T) = \det(A)$$

$$\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$$

$$\det(A) \det(A^{-1}) = \det(AA^{-1}) = \det(I) = 1$$

$$\det(A^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

$$\mathbb{R}^n \xrightarrow{A} \mathbb{R}^n$$

Volume of output = $\det(A)$ (volume of input)

$$\vec{e}_1, \dots, \vec{e}_n \longrightarrow (A\vec{e}_1, \dots, A\vec{e}_n) = \text{columns of } A \\ = \text{rows of } A^T$$

$$\text{volume } 1 \longrightarrow \det(A^T) = \det(A)$$

$$\det \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 7 & 8 & 8 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \det \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 7 & 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix} + \det \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 7 & 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$+ \det \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 7 & 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix} + \det \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 7 & 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 1 \det \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 4 \\ 7 & 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix} - 2 \det \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix} + 3 \det \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 7 & 8 \end{vmatrix} - 4 \det \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 7 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$