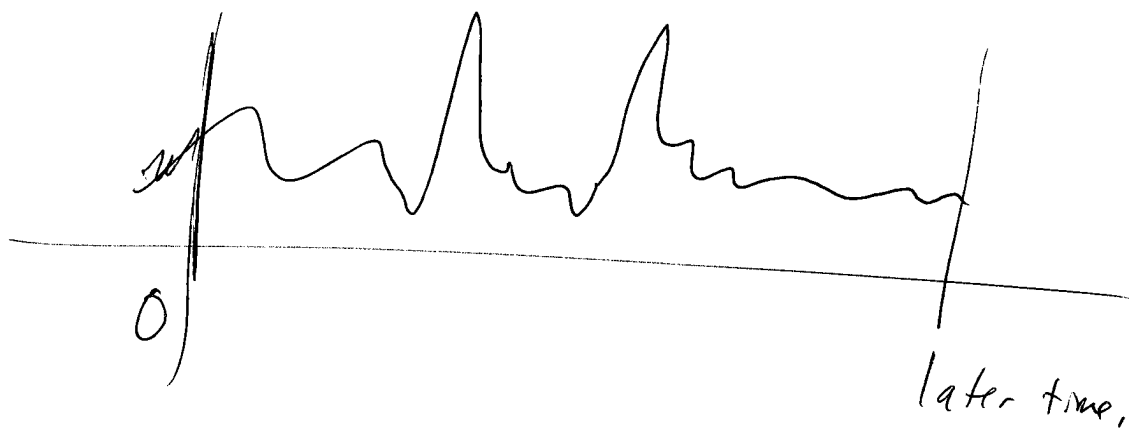
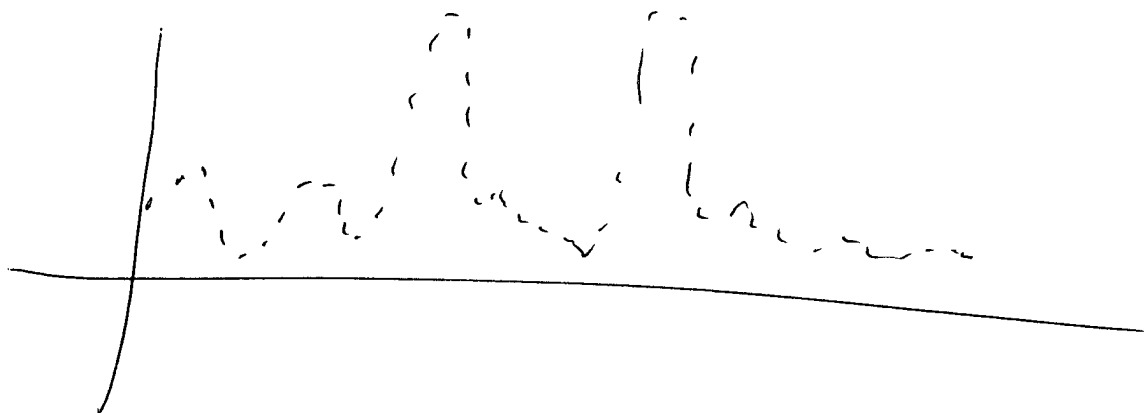


Signal Processing



Step 1: Sample at N points,

$$\Delta t = \frac{\text{total time}}{N}$$



Get vector $\vec{V}(n) = \text{signal at time } n\Delta t$
 $\in \mathbb{R}^N$

Obvious basis for \mathbb{R}^n

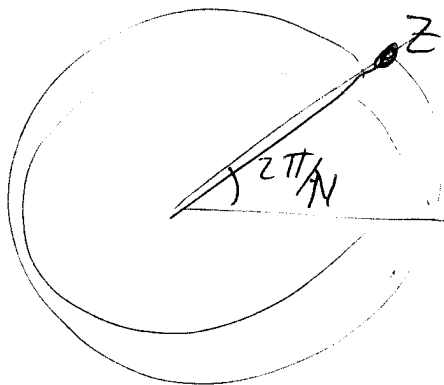
$$e_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, e_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, e_k(j) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } j=k \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

$\mathcal{E} = \text{standard basis.}$

\mathcal{E} is a good basis for spiky localized data. (Eg. stock prices).



Fourier basis.



unit circle in \mathbb{C}

$$z = e^{2\pi i/N}$$

$$= \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{N}\right)$$

$$f_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ z \\ z^2 \\ \vdots \\ z^{N-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ z^2 \\ z^4 \\ \vdots \\ z^{2(N-1)} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f_k(n) = z^{(k-1)(n-1)}$$

$$\vec{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$[v]_F = P_{FE} [v]_E$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -i & +i & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & +i & -1 & -i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Change-of-basis in obvious way
takes N^2 steps.

Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
does it in $N \ln N$

discrete derivative $(Dv)(n) = v(n+1) - v(n) \quad (n < N)$

$$(Dv)(N) = v(1) - v(N)$$

$$D \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ z^k \\ z^{2k} \\ \vdots \\ z^{(N-1)k} \end{pmatrix} = (z^k - 1) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ z^k \\ \vdots \\ z^{(N-1)k} \end{pmatrix}$$

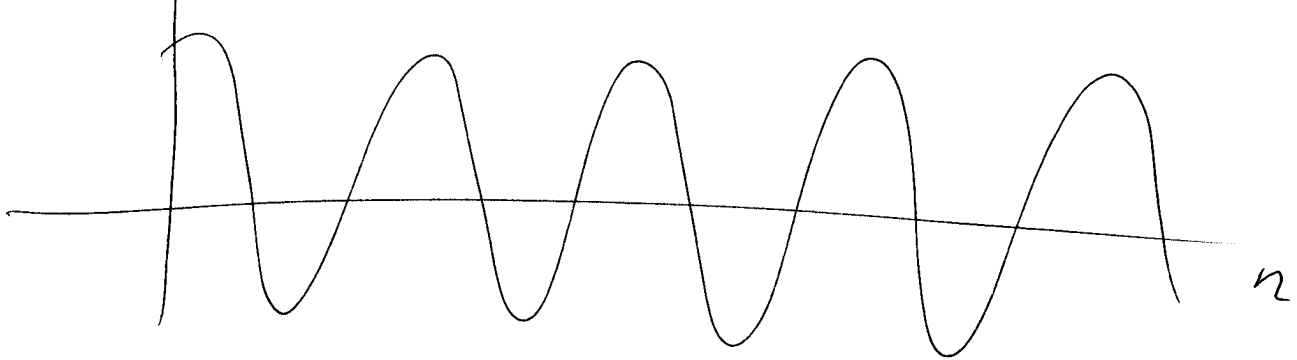
E-vectors = Fourier basis.

Fourier basis (aka "frequency domain")

is great for anything involving derivatives (e.g. physics, aka real world).

Problem: Not localized in time,

$\text{Re}(f_k(n))$



Uncertainty principle $\frac{\Delta}{0}$

localized in time \rightarrow not localized in frequency

localized in frequency \rightarrow not localized in time.

$$\Delta t \Delta \text{freq} \geq 1.$$

$$N=4.$$

$$z = e^{2\pi i/4}$$

$$= e^{\pi i/2}$$

$$= \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$= i$$

$$f_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ i \\ i^2 \\ i^3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ i \\ -1 \\ -i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ i^2 \\ i^4 \\ i^6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$f_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ i^3 \\ i^6 \\ i^9 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -i \\ -1 \\ i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P_{EF} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & i & -1 & -i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P_{FE} = P_{EF}^{-1} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & +i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & i & -1 & -i \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{N} \overline{P_{EF}^T}$$

Wavelets

$N=8.$

$w_1 =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$w_2 =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$w_3 =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$w_4 =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$w_5 =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$w_6 =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$w_7 =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$w_8 =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Basic graphics. in \mathbb{R}^2

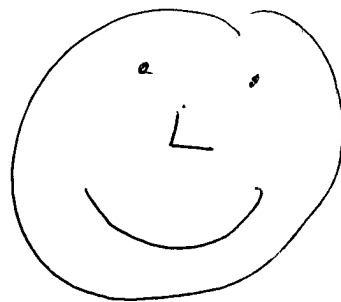
Points = $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$



Rotation by θ : $R_\theta = \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{pmatrix}$



Enlarge by 2: $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$



Stretch in x-direction $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$



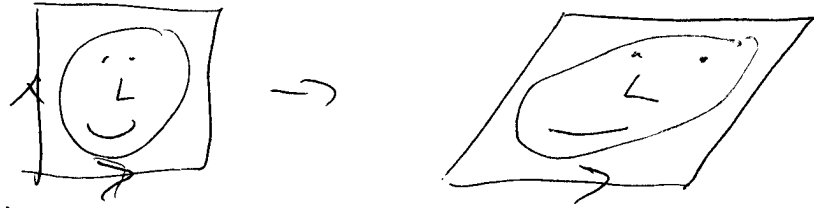
Reflect in x direction $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$



Reflect vertically $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$



Shear



$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Stretch by 3 in direction 37° ccw of x-axis

$$R_{37^\circ} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} R_{-37^\circ}$$

To incorporate motion.
add a 3rd variable

$$(x, y) \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Rotate :

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Other linear maps, use $\left(\begin{array}{cc|c} M & & 0 \\ & & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$
instead of M .

$$\left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & a \\ 0 & 1 & b \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x+a \\ y+b \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

adds (a, b) to (x, y)

What does

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & | & 5 \\ 0 & -1 & | & 3 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & | & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

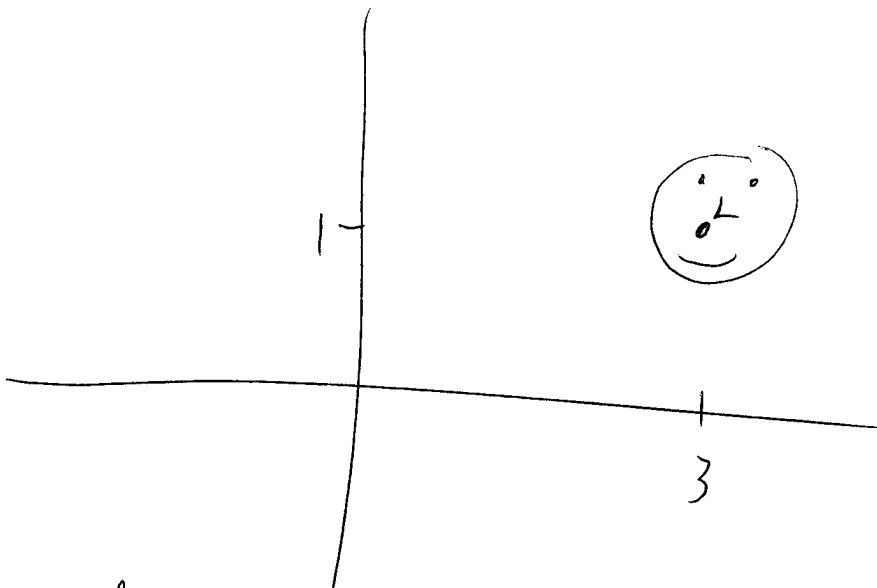
do?

$$A \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2x+5 \\ -y+3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

doubles x

flips sign of y

adds $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$



How do I rotate it by θ while keeping it at $(3, 1)$?

Ans:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta & 0 \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & | & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & | & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

3D graphics

locations: $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Everything is a 4x4 matrix.

Move by $\vec{a} (a,b,c)$: $T_{(a,b,c)} = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} \mathbf{I} & & & a \\ & & & b \\ & & & c \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$

Rotate ~~in~~ about x-axis

$$R_{1,\theta} = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos\theta & -\sin\theta & 0 \\ 0 & \sin\theta & \cos\theta & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$R_{2,\theta} = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} \cos\theta & 0 & \sin\theta & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin\theta & 0 & \cos\theta & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$R_{3,\theta} = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta & 0 & 0 \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right)$$