## PARTIAL FRACTION DECOMPOSITION

## Describe the following cases

Case I: The Denominator is a product of distinct linear factors.

Decompose 
$$\frac{x+5}{x^2+x-2}$$

Case II: The Denominator is a product of linear factors, some of which are repeated.

Decompose 
$$\frac{x^2 + 1}{(x-3)(x-2)^2}$$

Case III: The Denominator is a product of distinct irreducible quadratic factors.

Decompose 
$$\frac{x-2}{x(x^2+1)}$$

Case IV: The Denominator is a product of irreducible quadratic factors, some of which are repeated.

Decompose  $\frac{1}{x(x^2+4)^2}$ 

Two Questions:

- 1. What do you do if the numerator has degree larger than the numerator?
- 2. What are rationalizing substitutions?